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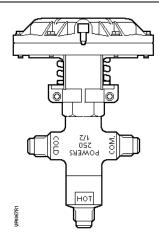
Technical Instructions

Document No. 155-092P25 VP 658-4

November 20, 2008

Powers[™] Controls

VP 658 S and VP 658 SC Powertop Sequence and Sequence Changeover Valves



Description

The VP 658 S sequence and VP 658 SC sequence changeover valves are designed to select and modulate the flow of either hot or chilled water without mixing for radiant panel and similar four-pipe single coil/panel applications. The sequence valve has two inlets and one outlet whereas the changeover valve has one inlet and two outlets.

Features

- Stainless steel stem for smooth operation and durability
- · Large diaphragm area for control accuracy arid tight close off
- · Removable actuator for ease of servicing
- Durable actuator made to eliminate electrolytic action
- Replaceable disc assemblies
- Matched sequencing of control and changeover valves

Product Numbers

Table 1.

Product Number	су	Valve Type	Valve Size
658-0050	1.5	Sequence	1/2"
658-0051	2.5	Sequence	1/2"
658-0052	2.5	Changeover	1/2"

Warning/Caution Notations

WARNING A		Personal injury/loss of life may occur if you not perform a procedure as specified.		
CAUTION	A	Equipment damage, or loss of data may occur if you do not perform a procedure as specified.		

Specifications	Valve size/ capacity	See Tables 1 and 2.				
	Body Style	1/2" SAE Flared				
Valve Body	Body type Sequence	2 inlets, 1 outlet				
	Changeover	1 inlet, 2 outlets				
	Action	Normally Open (NO) Hot to common Normally Closed (NC) Cold to common				
	Valve stroke	13/32-inch (10 mm)				
Material	Body	Bronze				
	Seat	Bronze				
	Stem	Stainless steel				
	Stem packing (O-rings)	EP rubber				
	Shut-off disc	Buna-N				
	Throttle plug	Brass				
Valve Actuator	Nominal spring range	See Figure 1.				
	Diaphragm Effective area Material Max. air pressure	11 inch ² (71 cm ²) EP rubber 30 psig (210 kPa)				
Operating	Controlled medium	Water, ethylene glycol solution				
Operating	Flow characterization: Sequence Changeover	Equal percentage Quick opening				
	Ambient temperature range	35°F to 140°F (2°C to 60°C)				
	Body rating, max temperature/pressure	See Table 3.				
	Max. pressure difference between hot and cold ports: Sequence Changeover	50 psig (350 kPa) 10 psig (69 kPa)				
	Max. differential pressure for modulating service (sequence)	25 psi (170 kPa)				
	Dimensions	See Figure 8.				
Application	A typical application of sequence and changeover valves controls heating or cooling in a single coil or radiant panel. These four-pipe systems have hot water and chilled water available at the same time. Figure 2 shows a unit conditioner application.					
	The direct acting thermostat gradually position valve to maintain space temperature according Figure 1. The sequence valve gradually control. The changeover valve diverts the water	ing to the control schedule shown in trols the hot or chilled water flow into the				

Page 2 Siemens Industry, Inc.

Table 2. Water Capacity - U.S. Gallons Per Minute.

	Pressure Differential psi								
Valve Size and Type	Cy 1	2	4	6	8	10	15	20	25
1/2" Sequence	1.5	2.1	3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.8	6.7	7.5
1/2" Sequence	2.5	3.5	5	6.1	7.1	7.9	9.7	11.2	12.5
1/2" Changeover	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 3. Body Rating.

Temperature °F (°C)	Pressure psig (kPa) ANSI Class 250 Bronze Body		
-20 to 150 (-30 to 66)	250 (1720)		
200 (93)	250 (1720)		
250 (121)	250 (1720)		

Overall rating limited to 250 psig.

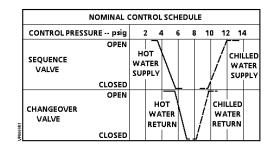


Figure 1. Nominal Control Schedule.

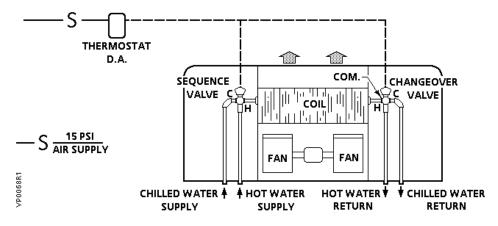


Figure 2. Unit Conditioner Application.

Operation

The sequence valve, (Figure 3), is piped to the inlet of a coil. Therefore, it has hot water supply and chilled water supply connected to it. The changeover valve, (Figure 4), is piped to the outlet of the coil. Therefore, it has the hot water and chilled water returns connected to it. For the sequence valve, water should flow into the hot and cold ports and out of the common. For the changeover valve, flow should be into the common and out of the hot and cold ports.

The operation of the sequence valve and changeover valve is similar. The main difference is the control pressure at which the upper port opens and the lower port closes on each valve.

With no air pressure to the Powertop the chilled water port (upper disc) is closed and the hot water port (lower disc) is open. As air pressure increases, the lower disc is gradually moved toward its seat, reducing the flow of hot water. After the lower disc closes against its seat, stopping the flow of hot water, there is a dwell period (dependent upon water differential pressures) during which there is no flow through the valve. As the control air pressure continues to increase, it overcomes the disc spring force to gradually move the upper disc away from the seat permitting the flow of cold water.

As the differential water pressure increases, the hot port (lower disc) will close at a higher Powertop pressure and cold port (upper disc) opens at a lower Powertop pressure. The effect is to narrow the dwell period.

Figure 1 shows the nominal control schedule for the sequence and changeover valves.

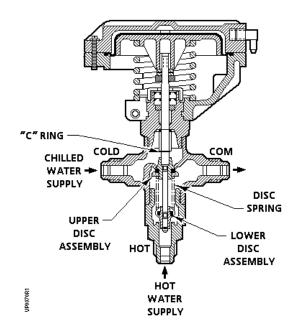


Figure 3. Sequence Valve.

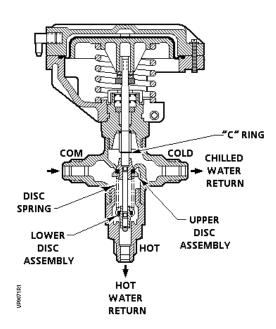


Figure 4. Changeover Valve.

Page 4 Siemens Industry, Inc.

Sizing

The sizing of a valve is important for correct system operation. An undersized valve will not have sufficient capacity at maximum load. An oversized valve may initiate cycling and the seat and disc may be damaged because of the restricted opening. Correct sizing of the control valve for actual expected conditions is considered essential for good control.

Some variables that must be determined are:

- 1. The maximum inlet temperature and pressure of medium at the valve.
- The pressure differential that will exist across the valve under maximum load demand.
- 3. The maximum capacity the valve must deliver.
- 4. The maximum medium pressure differential the valve actuator must close against.
- 5. See AB-1 "Valve Selection and Sizing" for further recommendations.

See Table 2 for valve capacity.

The Powertop sequence changeover valve does not require sizing in the same manner as the sequence valve. The changeover valve does not control the quantity of water flowing through the system but diverts the flow from one return to the other.

NOTE: Even though it is not necessary to "size" a changeover valve, the pressure drop across the valve will add resistance to the flow of the medium.

Installation

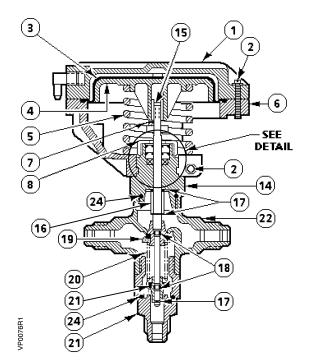
- Leave plastic cover in place until after painting.
- In concealed installations, sufficient room should be allowed so that the actuator assembly can be removed for valve servicing. A distance of three inches (76 mm) from top of housing is sufficient.
- Install changeover valve so that flow is out of the ports marked "hot" and "cold". The
 inlet is the common port.
- Install sequence valve so that flow is into the ports marked "hot" and "cold". The
 outlet is the common port.
- The valve housing should never be used as a lever arm to tighten the body when taking up on a thread.
- For best performance install the valve vertically in an upright position.
- Installation of hand valves on supply and return piping is recommended to allow servicing.

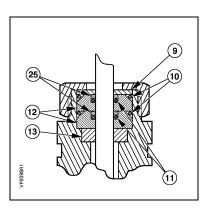
Table 4. Part Numbers (See Figure 5).

			Part Number				
Item	Description		Cy = 1.5 seq.	Cy = 2.5 seq.	CV = 2.5 c.o.	Material	
1	Actuator Housing - Upper	1	See Item 26 Assembly.		Nylon		
2	Thread Forming Screw	8	See Item 27 Kit		Steel		
3	Diaphragm	1	or Item 26 Assembly.		EP Rubber		
4	Piston Plate Assembly	1				Aluminum & Steel	
5	Actuator Compression Spring	1	See Item 26 Assembly.		Cadmium Pl. Steel		
6	Actuator Housing - Lower	1				Nylon	
7	Stem Locknut	2	041-117J	-	—	Steel	
8	Сар	1	-	-	-	Brass	
9	Packing Washer	1				Copper	
10	Large O-Ring	2				EP Rubber	
11	Small O-Ring	2	Se	ee Item 28 l	Kit.	EP Rubber	
12	O-Ring Retainer	2				Brass	
13	Packing Ring	1				Teflon	
14	Bonnet	1	-	-	-	Brass	
15	Stem	1	658-356	-		Stainless Steel	
16	Spacer	1	656-321	-		Brass	
17	"C" Ring	3	047-064	-		Stainless Steel	
18	"O" Ring	2	047-004	-		Buna-N	
19	Upper Disc Assembly	1	656-265	656-365 Item 28		Brass & Sty. Buta.	
20	Disc Spring	1	656-419	656-419	656-418	Stainless Steel	
21	Lower Disc Assembly	1	656-266	656-330 Item 28		Brass & Sty. Buta.	
22	Valve Body	1	-	-	-	Bronze	
23	Lower Body	1	-			Brass	
24	O-Ring	2	See Item	30 Ass'y. Items 29 and 30		EP Rubber	
25	Back-Up Ring	2	See Item 28 Kit		Teflon®		
26	Actuator Assembly Includes Items 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6	-	658-066			-	
27	Diaphragm Kit Includes Items 2, 3 (Pkg. of 5 Diaphragms)	-	658-166			-	
28	Stem Packing Kit Includes Items 9 through 13, 24, and 25 (For 10 valves)	-	658-167			-	
29	Disc Assembly Kit Includes Items 19, 21, and 24	-	N/A	N/A	657-813	-	
30	Valve Body Assembly, Flared Includes Item 7 through 25	-	658-333	658-334	658-341	-	

Page 6 Siemens Industry, Inc.

Valve Components





Detail of Stem Packing.

Figure 5. Valve Construction (See Table 4).

Service



WARNING:

Before doing any service work, shut off the medium (water, etc.) to the valve and remove and cap the airline to the valve actuator to prevent personal injury and equipment damage.

Diaphragm Replacement

Installation instructions are packaged with the replacement kit.

Stem Packing Replacement

See *TB 246* (155-301P25) VP 658 Powertop Valve Repacking Kit for recommended procedure.

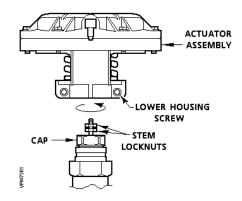


Figure 6. Actuator Assembly Removal.

Actuator Assembly Replacement

- 1. Loosen the two lower housing screws that clamp it to the bonnet.
- 2. Using two open-end wrenches, loosen the stem locknuts.
- 3. Unscrew actuator assembly from stem and remove it, as shown in Figure 6.
- 4. Before installing new actuator assembly, push stem down. There must be at least 1/16-inch (2 mm) clearance between lower stem locknut and cap.
- 5. Pull stem up and install actuator assembly.
- 6. Screw stem into piston plate and tighten locknuts.
- 7. Tighten lower housing screws. Don't overtighten these screws.

The replacement is now complete.

Valve Disc Replacement

- 1. Remove actuator as described in the *Actuator Assembly Replacement* section.
- 2. Remove stem locknuts.

Disassembly

- 3. Remove lower body and pull stem assembly through bottom port.
- 4. Place stem assembly in a vise. Hold assembly by upper disc assembly, *NOT BY THE STEM*. The stem must be smooth to provide a good seal and move freely. Place 1/2-inch (13 mm) open-end wrench on lower disc assembly and compress disc spring so "C" ring can be pulled out with long nose pliers. Be careful; disc spring has a lot of force.
- 5. Disassemble as shown in Figure 7. Upper and lower disc assemblies can now be removed and replaced.
- 6. If small O-rings need to be replaced, use a small screwdriver to free them from groove.
- 7. Remove the cap from the bonnet. Then remove the washer, O-ring packing, and packing ring as shown in Figure 7.

Assembly

- Reassemble stem assembly. See step 4 in the *Disassembly* section and Figure 7. Be careful, it requires considerable force to compress disc spring so "C" ring can be replaced on valve stem. Slide stem assembly into bonnet.
- 2. Return lower body to bottom of valve body and tighten securely.
- Replace packing ring, O-rings packing and washer using repacking kit 658-167. Follow recommended procedure outlined in TB246 included in 658-167 kit. Packing must be replaced because it is normally damaged during disassembly.
- 4. When packing has been replaced and valve body is reassembled, replace actuator assembly by reversing steps 1 through 3 in the *Actuator Assembly Replacement* section.

The replacement is now complete.

Page 8 Siemens Industry, Inc.

Valve Disc Replacement, continued

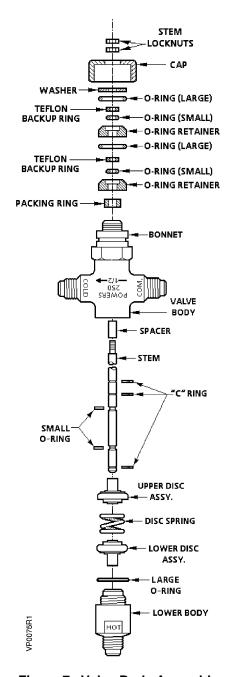


Figure 7. Valve Body Assembly.

Dimensions

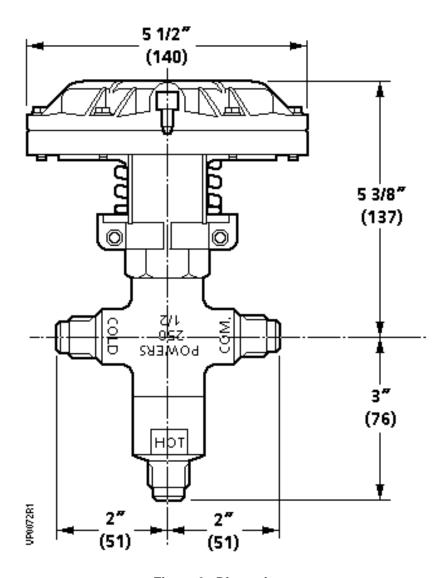


Figure 8. Dimensions.

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